

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

## **2020 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

Helin Tua	Tu Cessor.	
Public Water	System Name	
54 000 8		
List PWS ID #s for all Community	Water Systems included in this CCR	
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commu Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or prove procedures when distributing the CCR.	e population served by the PWS, this (	CCR must be mailed or delivered to
CCR DISTRIBUTION (C	heck all boxes that apply.)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, wa	ater bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)		6-1-2021
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)		
Other		
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water	bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):		
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment		×
$\hfill\Box$ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message	Λ	
$\hfill\Box$ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or	proof of publication) Panula	n
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)		
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):		
CERTIF I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the custom above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring day.  Water Supply.	<ol> <li>I further certify that the informati</li> </ol>	ion included in this CCR is true
Name Name	Title Pass.	<u> </u>
SUBMISSION OPTIONS	•	
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a	0 0 00	
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.	gov
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)
Jackson, MS 39215	(,	The second of the left



2021 3月 29 4月10:58

### 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Hebron Water Association PWS ID # 0540008 May 26, 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is three wells, one drawing from the Middle Wilcox Aquifer and the other ones drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells have received a **moderate** susceptibility ranking to contamination. This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Donald Phelps at 662-609-3637. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on second Tuesday of each quarter at 7:00 p.m. at the water site on Ballentine Road in Sardis.

Hebron Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Parts per million (ppm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Parts per billion (ppb) - Micrograms per liter (ug/L).

				TES	T RESU	LTS		
Contaminant	Violat ion Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
(T	here is co	onvincina e	vidence th	Disinfectants d				rol of microbial contaminants.)
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	N	2020	0.90	0.601.20	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
				Inorgan	ic Conta	minar	ts	
Barium	N	*2019	.0083	.00810083	Ррт	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Copper	N	2020	0.2	.0067258	Ppm	1.3	AI-13	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Chromium	N	*2016	2.6	1.4—2.6	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Lead	N	2020	2.0	.52.7	ppb	0	Al=1.	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate (as nitrogen)	N	*2017	0.24	No-range	Ppb	0	100	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Fluoride	N	*2019	.0.159	0.152-0.156	Ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge fron fertilizer and aluminum factories
			1	Volatile Org	ganic Col	ntami	nants	
HAA5	N	*2016	4.0	No-range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM [Total ihalomethanes]	N	*2016	12.3	No-range	Ppm	0	100	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
				Unregul	ated Contan	inants		Total and manimum raciones
odium	N	*2019	94,000	86,000-94,000		250,000	250,00	Road salt, Water treatment chemicals Water softeners, and Sewage effluents

<sup>\*</sup>Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2020

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

#### \*\*\*Additional Information for Lead\*\*\*

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hebron Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy from the water office. Please call 662-563-5189 if you have any questions.

# Publisher's Certificate of Publication

## STATE OF MISSISSIPPI **COUNTY OF PANOLA**

Rebecca Alexander, being duly sworn, on oath says she is and during all times herein stated has been an employee of Batesville Newsmedia publisher and printer of the The Panolian (the "Newspaper"), has full knowledge of the facts herein stated as follows:

1. The Newspaper printed the copy of the matter attached hereto (the "Notice") was copied from the columns of the Newspaper and was printed and published in the English language on the following days and dates:

#### 06/02/21

- 2. The sum charged by the Newspaper for said publication is the actual lowest classified rate paid by commercial customer for an advertisement of similar size and frequency in the same newspaper in which the Notice was published.
- 3. There are no agreements between the Newspaper, publisher, manager or printer and the officer or attorney charged with the duty of placing the attached legal advertising notice whereby any advantage, gain or profit accrued to said officer or attorney

Rebecca Alexander, Publisher

Keheca Olyanda

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd Day of June, 2021

( Sharlah Goodh



Shandale Goodman, Notary Public State of Mississippi My commission expires 07-30-2022

Account # 185946 Ad # 1249918

HEBRON WATER ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 421 BATESVILLE MS 38606

2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Hebron Wnter Association PWS ID # 0540008 May 26, 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water, We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources, We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is three wells, one drawing from the Middle Wilcox Aquifer and the other ones drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer,

Our source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request, The wells have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination, This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report of concerning your water utility, please contact Donald Phelps at 662-609-3637, We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility, If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on second Tuesday of each quarter at 7:00 p.m. at the water site on Ballentine Road in Sardis.

Hebron Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020, As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in druking water

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is in known or expected risk to health, MCLGs allow for a margin of safety,

Parts per million (ppm) - Milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Puris per billion (ppb) - Micrograms per liter (ug/L)

				TES	T RESU	LTS		
Сетапания	Violat ion Y-K	Collected	Husing Theorem	Range of Detects or 4 of Samples Exercising Arra or 1	Yes Measurement	MCI, G	MCT	Likely Sweeze of Communication
- 17	here is o	owning mg a	n Manage d	Disinferrants a				not of union-bial contaminents.)
Chloring (as C121 (ppms)	,	2020	Wolf	6.6d - 1,20	Ppm	1	1	Water additive used to control microbes
10-1411				Inorgan	ie Conta	minan	ts	
Marin .	1.5	.2014	60.63	UNAT - UUA3	Tyes			Discharge of drawing wastes; discharge to metal refineries, erosion of natural deposi-
L'apper	8	2628	0.2	JON7=25F	Pyro	13.	AJ-13	Currosion of natural deposits, leaching from
Chieffien	N)	*2910	1,6	1,4~2A	Yon:	100	400.0	Disthurpe from each and pulp mills never advantaged denotits
Lead	1	2029	2.6	2-21	libp		AD-L	Correspon of household plumbing systems crossion of natural algoritation
Named (in	8	*2017	0.24	Nortunge	Ppb	*	TUO	By-product of drinking water clifornation
Hounde	8	*201*	JU 139	0.152-0.156	Ppm	*	3	which promotes strong teeth, discharge fro
	·- s			Volatile Or	ganic Co	ntami	nants	
BAAS	LN	1.52016	1.0	Sin mage	ppin	11	50	. Hypweliat of divising national Artenion
(fred (fred nillidanchases)	×	*20.14	17.1	Nomege	Ppm	*	too.	Explain of several disposits, water addition which personal comes teach, discharge for tenthing and alarmost Science.
			-		lated Contan		Section	
Nodym	N	*2019	ectur	ariuprarines	1/ph	240,000	250,60	Road salt, News Houseast chemical Water softeners and Sesuge eitherin

Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2020

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking unfer standards. The purpose of intergulated contaminant manifesting is to axis EPA in decreasining the occurrence of averagalised contaminants in defeating—size and with the regulation are warmards.

\*\*\*Additional Information for Lead\*\*\*

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Hebron Water Association is responsible for provuling high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been stining for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing wor tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or condition, If you are concerned about lead in your waters, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on fead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man-mude. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemiculs and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including hottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water puses a health risk. More information about contaminants and puterial health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791;

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population, Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however, you may obtain a copy from the water office. Please call 662-563-5189 if you have any questions.